

# The Impact of Hormonal Contraceptives on Cardiovascular Health and **VO<sub>2max</sub>: A Systematic Review** Amy Tremback-Ball PhD, PT, Heather Fritz DPT, NCS, Tara Sweeney SPT, Jason Winters SPT





# Background

of women aged 15-49 in the U.S. utilize hormonal contraceptives

of women use hormonal contraceptives to mitigate menstrual symptoms rather than for strict contraceptive usage



systematic reviews investigate the impact on BOTH cardiovascular health and VO<sub>2max</sub>

### Purpose

- To evaluate existing literature on hormonal contraceptives in relation to cardiovascular health and VO<sub>2max</sub>
- Provide insight for women using hormonal contraceptives, aiding them in making informed decisions about their overall health and performance

### Methods

- 80 Searches: September 2023 & January 2024
- **Databases:** CINAHL Complete, EBSCO, PubMed
- Inclusion criteria: healthy women, utilization of OCPs, IUDs, DMPA injections & contraceptive arm implants, diagnostic markers of CV disease, VO<sub>2max</sub>
- Exclusion criteria: Not accessible in English, Systematic Reviews without meta-analysis, duplicate articles
- 22 articles included in the systematic review

Results: Cardiovascular Health					
	Researchers	TC, LDL, TG	HDL	Stroke, Heart Attack, VTE, Pulm. Embolism	Other
Oral Pill (OCP)	Jimoh, Lee, Momenti, Tureki				
	Glisic, Palacios			No Link	
	Palacious				Vild blood pressure
	Badenhorst				CRP levels
	Pirek				Narrowed peripheral blood vessels; TBP
Injections	Tureki	<b>↑</b> Highest	Lowest		
	Cursino	ү 🚹 TG			
	Dilshad				Fasting blood glucose
IUD	Glisic				DVT hormonal vs. copper IUD
Arm Implants	Turkei		1		
Results: VO					



- (CRP)

# **Discussion and Conclusion**

- on CV health
- long-term use
- implants on CV health
- participants on OCP
- in these areas

# **Physical Therapy Implications**

- needed)
- contraceptives



### **Outcome Measures** • TC, LDL, TG, HDL, BP, inflammatory markers

VO<sub>2max</sub>, VO<sub>2peak</sub>, hemoglobin mass

 Conflicting information limits ability to make a sound conclusion on OCPs impact

 Potential link between DMPA injections and an increase in TG, LDL, and TC levels with

Limited literature available to make

conclusion about IUDs and contraceptive

• VO<sub>2max</sub> results are mixed; however, the articles have strong conclusions

• Challenge to analyze and fully compare the short-term studies because of the

differences in measurement techniques, OCP formulations, and varying length of

• Overall, there is more research to be done

 Holistic approach to patient care Precautionary Measures - monitoring vitals, intake forms, referral to gynecologist (if

 Patient Education - direct patients to valid resources and articles regarding hormonal